1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
2	IN TACOMA
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4	MARIA VARNEY, Individually) and as Personal)
5	Representative for the) No. CV18-5105RJB Estate of DONALD VARNEY,)
6 7) Plaintiffs,
8	v. ,
9	AIR & LIQUID SYSTEMS) CORPORATION, et al.,
10	Defendants.
11	
12	EVIDENTIARY HEARING
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14	
15	April 16, 2019
16	
17	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROBERT J. BRYAN UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
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-	Daniel I. Handan DVD CDD 0001 1 3 C 1 5
	Barry L. Fanning, RMR, CRR - Official Court Reporter

1	APPEARANCES:	
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3		DEAN OMAR BRANHAM
4	For the Defendant Air & Liquid Systems:	Kevin Craig
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6	For the Defendant Armstrong	
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8	For the Defendant	
9	Flowserve US:	Marc Carlton LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH
10	For Defendants Foster	
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12	For the Defendant IMO	
13	Industries:	Michael Ricketts GORDON THOMAS HONEYWELL
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17	For the Defendant John	
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09:33:51AM 1	THE COURT: Okay. First let me give you a report
09:34:00AM 2	as to my evening activities. I read last night the
09:34:11AM 3	deposition of Maria Varney and the deposition of
09:34:19AM 4	Dr. Sharma. I reviewed and read all of the exhibits that
09:34:35AM 5	were handed to me as admitted, including the declaration
09:34:43AM 6	of Mr. Varney, the declaration of Father Schimmel, the
09:34:52AM 7	declaration of Dr. Kercheval, and exhibits that contained
09:35:05am 8	hospitalization records and nurses' notes. I think that's
09:35:11AM 9	everything I was supposed to read.
09:35:17АМ 10	I guess, Mr. Adams, the ball is in your court, if
09:35:26ам 11	there is anything further.
09:35:29ам 12	MR. ADAMS: That was everything we submitted.
09:35:31АМ 13	Thank you very much for taking a look at that. I think we
09:35:34AM 14	are in the defense case now. The plaintiffs have rested.
09:35:37АМ 15	THE COURT: Okay. We will turn to the defendants.
09:35:42АМ 16	Who's first?
09:35:44ам 17	MR. VEGA: Your Honor, this is Dennis Vega
09:35:47ам 18	THE COURT: Are you first by agreement of all
09:35:49АМ 19	concerned or are you just grabbing first?
09:35:52AM 20	MR. VEGA: I think it is by agreement by all.
09:35:56АМ 21	Sorry, your Honor. Before we begin, since plaintiff has
09:36:01AM 22	rested
09:36:03АМ 23	MR. HORN: Go ahead. Once you are done, I can
09:36:06AM 24	speak.
09:36:08AM 25	MR. VEGA: I'm sorry. Go ahead.

09:36:10AM 1 MR. HORN: We are done with our case-in-chief. 09:36:13AM 2 Once you are done, I will add my two cents. MR. VEGA: My colleague, Alice Serko, has an 09:36:16AM 3 09:36:19AM 4 application to make before we begin with our 09:36:23AM 5 case-in-chief. MS. SERKO: Your Honor, good morning. 09:36:28AM 6 Serko on behalf of Foster Wheeler. 09:36:31AM 7 Foster Wheeler respectfully renews the motion to 09:36:34AM 8 exclude the Varney declaration and the Maddox report based 09:36:37AM 9 thereon, and asks for a directed ruling in that regard. 09:36:41AM 10 09:36:44AM 11 Plaintiff, as the proponent of hearsay evidence, 09:36:48AM 12 bears the burden of proof at this evidentiary hearing, and 09:36:51AM 13 has failed to sustain that burden. As the Court noted in the order setting this hearing, 09:36:53AM 14 09:36:57AM 15 the Court was interested in who prepared the document, 09:37:00AM 16 what circumstances it was prepared under, when, where, and 09:37:04AM 17 by whom. Plaintiff has failed to produce that evidence in 09:37:09AM 18 this case. 09:37:10AM 19 The Court spent the better part of the day -- the 09:37:13AM 20 entire day yesterday, as well as, apparently, your Honor's time yesterday evening, reading transcripts all that 09:37:16AM 21 09:37:21AM 22 focused on Mr. Varney's competency to sign a document. 09:37:28AM 23 None of the evidence was offered as to who, where, when, 09:37:32AM 24 and how the Varney declaration was prepared.

So Foster Wheeler respectfully submits they have

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09:37:38AM 1 09:37:42AM 2 09:37:46AM 3 09:37:49AM 4 09:37:52AM 5 09:37:55AM 09:38:04AM 7 09:38:09AM 8 09:38:12AM 9 09:38:16AM 10 09:38:18AM 11 09:38:22AM 12 09:38:25AM 13 09:38:28AM 14 09:38:32AM 15 09:38:35AM 16 09:38:41AM 17 09:38:46AM 18 09:38:50AM 19 09:38:53AM 20 09:38:56AM 21

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failed to sustain their burden to show that the hearsay declaration meets an enumerated exception. For that, we would ask for a directed ruling. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you. I take it you all join in that motion? Any response?

MR. ADAMS: Just briefly, your Honor. We presented evidence that Mr. Varney is unavailable, that this is a civil case, that when he signed his name to the document he made a written statement, the same written statement that every person makes when they sign a document and they state under penalty of perjury that they are adopting the truth of the contents in that document.

His death was imminent. That's literally been undisputed, except in opening statement when one of the lawyers said his death was not imminent. There hasn't been a single bit of evidence to dispute, let alone contradict, the undeniable fact that Mr. Varney had lost over 55 pounds. He was skin and bones.

He told his family members he knew he would never leave the hospital. He knew he would not make the wedding anniversary. He knew his death was imminent. He had been told he had terminal cancer. He was sitting in a hospital bed, and he was skin and bones, gasping for air. And they would present to you, your Honor, that he didn't know he was going to die. That's undisputed.

09:39:14AM 1 09:39:17AM 2 09:39:22AM 3 09:39:27AM 4 09:39:28AM 5 09:39:33AM 6 09:39:37AM 7 09:39:46AM 8 09:39:50AM 9 09:39:58AM 10 09:40:01AM 11 09:40:03AM 12 09:40:08AM 13 09:40:12AM 14 09:40:15AM 15 09:40:19AM 16 09:40:25AM 17 09:40:30AM 18 09:40:33AM 19 09:40:37AM 20 09:40:39AM 21

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The declaration is about the cause and circumstances of his death. Mesothelioma is only caused by asbestos, and the declaration is about his exposure to asbestos dust that caused his disease.

So the five elements of ER 804(b)(2), the dying declaration exception to the hearsay rule, have been satisfied, exactly what this hearing is about.

The competency issue, there has been ample evidence from, I think, eight or nine witnesses at this point that Mr. Varney was competent.

We heard from the notary, who said he would never notarize a document if the individual, the signer, was not lucid. He said, "Absolutely not. I would never notarize a document if the signer was not lucid."

There are two nurses in the medical records, Nurse Kracke, Nurse Alexander. Every single nursing note on February 7th, 2018, indicates Mr. Varney was lucid, his mental status was coherent, he was with it, he was oriented times four. There is not a single nursing note -- The people who spent the most time with Mr. Varney on February 7th, 2018, were the nurses. That is undisputed. Every single nursing note says he was coherent and he was mentally lucid.

We heard from Dr. Sharma, and the medical records that Dr. Sharma was shown, which from my perspective is

the most important piece of evidence in the case, because 09:41:00AM 1 09:41:03AM 2 it was prepared long before there was any lawsuit by people with no interest in the lawsuit, and Dr. Sharma, 09:41:06AM 3 09:41:11AM 4 after reviewing the nursing notes and reviewing his own 09:41:13AM 5 notes, where he said Dr. Varney's neurology was appropriate, he was communicating, Dr. Sharma said based 09:41:19AM 6 on all of that I think he was alert and oriented when he 09:41:24AM 7 signed the declaration on February 7th. 09:41:27AM 8 We heard from Gloria Varney, who said he was lucid, 09:41:30AM 9 09:41:33AM 10 who said he read the document, and he signed, and he was 09:41:37AM 11 lucid. 09:41:39AM 12 We heard from Dawn Brown yesterday, who said her father sat up in the bed, indicated he was coherent, 09:41:41AM 13 09:41:45AM 14 looked at the document, read the document, signed the 09:41:47AM 15 document. 09:41:47AM 16 And we heard from Father Schimmel, the priest who was 09:41:51AM 17 09:41:56AM 18 the document, looked at the document, appeared to

there witnessing, who said Mr. Varney sat up in bed, held understand the document, acknowledged he knew what the document was, and signed the document.

There is ample evidence here to get past a directed verdict. Thank you, your Honor.

> THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Adams.

MS. SERKO: Your Honor, if I may respond? Your Honor, the material elements of the dying declaration

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09:42:31AM 1 09:42:34AM 2 09:42:38AM 3 09:42:43AM 4 09:42:47AM 5 09:42:48AM 09:42:52AM 09:42:56AM 8 09:43:02AM 9 09:43:04AM 10 09:43:06AM 11 09:43:10AM 12 09:43:15AM 13 09:43:17AM 14 09:43:21AM 15 09:43:26AM 16 09:43:31AM 17 09:43:41AM 18 09:43:47AM 19 09:43:53AM 20 09:44:02AM 21 09:44:15AM 22

exception to the hearsay rule have not been met. The two elements are that it contains the statements of Mr. Varney; and the second, his belief that death was imminent, and that the cause and circumstances of his death are discussed.

Just a signature at the bottom of a page, which

Mr. Parris said only means that Mr. Varney was Mr. Varney

on that date, does not ratify the document as his

statements. And we do not believe that that has been

established in this case.

Without knowing where, when, and how the document was created, drafted, and produced, the Court does not have sufficient evidence upon which it could determine the document was an exception to the hearsay rule or a dying declaration. Thank you.

THE COURT: There is always the question at this point of whether the judge wants to weigh the evidence before him and try and rule on that basis or whether it makes more sense to proceed to try and get a full picture with any additional evidence available. I think the latter path is the more likely path to the right result.

With that in mind, the motion is denied, and we will proceed with whatever evidence the defense wishes to present.

MR. HORN: Good morning, your Honor. Ethan Horn

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09:44:23AM 24

09:44:21AM 23

We will

on behalf of the Varney family. Before we get started 09:44:32AM 1 with Mr. Adams' testimony, I would like to file an oral 09:44:35AM 2 motion pursuant to RCW 5.60.060. I have a copy of the 09:44:39AM 3 09:44:46AM 4 statute, if you would like. 09:44:49AM 5 Our motion is to disqualify Mr. Adams from testifying, and preclude defense counsel from examining 09:44:52AM 09:44:59AM relating to any communication made by the Varneys to Mr. Adams or any of his advice back to the family. 09:45:04AM 8 is, like I said, pursuant to RCW 5.60.060. 09:45:07AM 9 THE COURT: Let me see the statute. I don't know 09:45:13AM 10 09:45:16AM 11 all of the law by memory. Part of the problem is they 09:45:25AM 12 keep passing new laws. 09:45:39AM 13 Specifically sub (2), sub (a). 09:46:02AM 14 THE COURT: That's not new. I don't know if 09:46:12AM 15 Mr. Adams was your first witness or what here. 09:46:17AM 16 MR. VEGA: Your Honor, Dennis Vega, Foster 09:46:22AM 17 Wheeler again. At this point, and in light of your ruling 09:46:25AM 18 on the directed verdict application, we would like to 09:46:31AM 19 renew our application for the metadata. 09:46:37AM 20 The questions that you asked of Ms. Brown yesterday, and that you relayed today in terms of when the document 09:46:41AM 21 09:46:45AM 22 was created, by whom the document was created, whether in 09:46:50AM 23 fact the document was edited, we will have all of that 09:46:54AM 24 information in the metadata. We can know exactly when the

document was opened, for how long it was opened.

09:46:58AM 25

09:47:02AM 1 know the keystrokes that were made on the document. 09:47:05AM 2 will have all of the information that your Honor needs to decide this to determine in fact when this document was 09:47:08AM 3 09:47:11AM 4 created. 09:47:13AM 5 So we are renewing our request for the metadata so that this way -- And just like you said, you would like 09:47:16AM 09:47:20AM to have -- the latter path is the more likely path just to make sure we are doing the right thing here. 09:47:25AM 8 If we have that metadata, we can absolutely determine everything you 09:47:27AM 9 need to know about this document and whether in fact it 09:47:30AM 10 09:47:33AM 11 was made on the deathbed or made months or weeks earlier. 09:47:40AM 12 THE COURT: I don't think the request is timely, I am not going to rule on it at this point. 09:47:43AM 13 Let's proceed with what evidence we have here. 09:47:48AM 14 09:47:51AM 15 MR. VEGA: If I may just address that timeliness 09:47:54AM 16 We made the application for that material as soon issue. 09:48:01AM 17 as we received Father Schimmel's declaration, which we 09:48:07AM 18 received not more than a week ago. 09:48:11AM 19 When it was received, that's the first time that we 09:48:14AM 20 knew that in fact Father Schimmel was at the hospital the 09:48:19AM 21 day before it was actually signed. And he was there to 09:48:23AM 22 witness a notary, which did not happen. And that was the 09:48:26AM 23 first time that we knew about that. 09:48:28AM 24 It was the first time that we knew that Ms. Brown was 09:48:32AM 25 even in the room. And we made -- We got that on a

09:48:35AM 1	Thursday, and by Monday we had issued our subpoena. And
09:48:41am 2	pursuant to Rule 45, we gave them reasonable notice under
09:48:45AM 3	the circumstances, because it was information we just
09:48:47AM 4	learned.
09:48:48AM 5	THE COURT: All right. Let's put it this way: I
09:48:51AM 6	am not going to rule on that motion at this time. Got it?
09:48:56AM 7	Let's proceed with any evidence that you wish to present.
09:49:03AM 8	MR. VEGA: Your Honor, in light of your not
09:49:07AM 9	ruling on that issue at this point in time, we are going
09:49:10AM 10	to move to introduce certain documents.
09:49:15ам 11	THE COURT: All right.
09:49:18ам 12	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, Foster Wheeler offers as
09:49:26АМ 13	its first exhibit It is actually Docket 269-1. I have
09:49:32АМ 14	copies for counsel. For the record, that is the redacted
09:49:54ам 15	excerpts from the records produced by plaintiff showing
09:49:56ам 16	Mr. Varney's signature.
09:50:00ам 17	Foster Wheeler's Exhibit 2, for the record
09:50:03ам 18	THE COURT: Wait a minute. One at a time.
09:50:07ам 19	MS. SERKO: Exhibit 1 for Foster Wheeler.
09:50:21ам 20	THE CLERK: Let's do A for the defendants'
09:50:28ам 21	exhibits.
09:50:30ам 22	MS. SERKO: Exhibit A-2
09:50:33ам 23	THE COURT: Wait a minute. Is there a question
09:50:46ам 24	as to whether the signature on Exhibit 1, which is already
09:50:54ам 25	in evidence is there any question about whether that

09:51:01AM 1	was actually made by Mr. Varney? I did not understand
09:51:10AM 2	that was an issue.
09:51:12AM 3	MR. VEGA: Your Honor, it is just to show the
09:51:14AM 4	distinction, and also the deterioration in just the
09:51:23AM 5	penmanship.
09:51:30AM 6	THE COURT: Any objection to 1?
09:51:33AM 7	MR. ADAMS: No.
09:51:33AM 8	THE COURT: A-1 may be admitted.
09:51:37am 9	(Exhibit No. A-1 admitted.)
09:51:37ам 10	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, Foster Wheeler offers
09:51:40am 11	Exhibit A-2, the medical records of Donald Varney for
09:51:45ам 12	treatment, dates February 2nd, 2018, through February 8th,
09:51:50am 13	2018, from the Abrazo Community Health Network. And we
09:51:55ам 14	have a copy for plaintiffs' counsel. I would also note
09:51:58ам 15	for the record they are Bates stamped ACHN000406 through
09:52:08AM 16	-0003607.
09:52:20ам 17	MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, we don't have any
09:52:21AM 18	objection to any medical records of Don Varney.
09:52:25AM 19	THE COURT: All right. A-2 may be admitted.
09:52:38AM 20	(Exhibit No. A-2 admitted.)
09:52:41AM 21	THE COURT: These are for purposes of this
09:52:43AM 22	hearing only.
09:52:45AM 23	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, as for Exhibit A-3, we
09:52:50ам 24	have additional medical records. And actually for A-4.
09:52:54AM 25	If plaintiff has no objection to Mr. Varney's records, I

09:52:57ам 1	would offer those together.
09:52:59AM 2	MR. ADAMS: No objection, your Honor.
09:53:00AM 3	THE COURT: All right. They may be admitted.
09:53:02AM 4	(Exhibit Nos. A-3 & A-4 admitted.)
09:53:17AM 5	MS. SERKO: Foster Wheeler offers as Exhibit A-5,
09:53:24AM 6	defendants' first set of interrogatories propounded to
09:53:28AM 7	plaintiffs and their answers thereto.
09:53:53AM 8	MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, for the purposes of this
09:53:55AM 9	hearing, we don't have an objection. But the usual
09:53:59ам 10	practice is that interrogatories are read into the record
09:54:04ам 11	but they are not admitted. But for purposes of this
09:54:08ам 12	hearing, it's fine.
09:54:09ам 13	THE COURT: All right. A-5 may be admitted.
09:54:17AM 14	(Exhibit No. A-5 admitted.)
09:54:17ам 15	MS. SERKO: Foster Wheeler offers as Exhibit A-6,
09:54:21AM 16	additional medical records of Donald Varney, ACH360
09:54:26ам 17	through -390.
09:54:32AM 18	MR. ADAMS: No objection.
09:54:33ам 19	THE COURT: All right. That may be admitted.
09:54:47ам 20	(Exhibit No. A-6 admitted.)
09:54:47ам 21	MS. SERKO: Foster Wheeler offers as Exhibit A-7
09:54:52AM 22	the NIH drug fact sheet from MedlinePlus regarding
09:55:02ам 23	Mr. Varney's medications at the time of February 7th.
09:55:34ам 24	MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, we would object to this
09:55:37ам 25	document. It's not page numbered, but it appears to be 25

09:55:40am 1	pages or so of something off the internet. There has been
09:55:43AM 2	no foundation, and it is hearsay without exception.
09:55:52AM 3	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, this document is a
09:55:54AM 4	reliable document. It meets the exception, because it is
09:55:57AM 5	a publication established as reliable evidence. And your
09:56:01AM 6	Honor may take judicial notice under 803(18)(b).
09:56:12AM 7	THE COURT: A-7 will be rejected. I think you're
09:56:18AM 8	gilding the lily to some extent, and I do not think it
09:56:24AM 9	would be helpful for me to spend time trying to analyze
09:56:29АМ 10	the effects of all this medication on Mr. Varney. It's
09:56:46ам 11	too much. What's next?
09:56:55AM 12	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, Foster Wheeler offers as
09:56:57AM 13	Exhibit A-8, excerpts from plaintiffs' responses to
09:57:03AM 14	defendant CBS Corporation's first seven interrogatories
09:57:07AM 15	and requests for production to Maria Varney.
09:57:55AM 16	MR. ADAMS: No objection, your Honor, for
09:57:57ам 17	purposes of this hearing.
09:58:00am 18	THE COURT: All right. A-8 may be admitted.
09:58:20am 19	(Exhibit No. A-8 admitted.)
09:58:20AM 20	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, Foster Wheeler's final
09:58:22AM 21	exhibit is A-9. It is the declaration of Ben Adams, at
09:58:27AM 22	Docket 349, in response to declaration of Alice Serko
09:58:32AM 23	regarding subpoena to Dean Omar regarding the subpoena for
09:58:37AM 24	metadata. Your Honor, I'm sorry. Foster Wheeler offers
09:59:13ам 25	an additional exhibit.

09:59:14AM 1	THE COURT: Wait a minute. Let's deal with A-9.
09:59:34AM 2	MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, I'm not sure of the
09:59:36АМ З	relevance of my declaration. I don't think it is evidence
09:59:40AM 4	relevant to the case. Just for the record, we would
09:59:49AM 5	object on relevance grounds. That's it.
09:59:58AM 6	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, if I may respond?
10:00:00AM 7	THE COURT: Yeah, go ahead.
10:00:03AM 8	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, this is relevant to the
10:00:04AM 9	claims of privilege asserted, both in work product and
10:00:08AM 10	attorney-client privilege over the metadata and the
10:00:11AM 11	drafting of the documents. We believe it is directly
10:00:13ам 12	relevant to this hearing.
10:00:25AM 13	THE COURT: Well, I think it may be admitted.
10:00:33ам 14	It's part of the public record anyway in the file.
10:00:42AM 15	(Exhibit No. A-9 admitted.)
10:00:42AM 16	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, Foster Wheeler offers as
10:00:44ам 17	Exhibit A-10 the deposition of John Kercheval, the
10:00:51AM 18	designations and objections from plaintiff and from Foster
10:00:55AM 19	Wheeler.
10:00:55AM 20	MR. ADAMS: No objection, your Honor.
10:00:57AM 21	THE COURT: All right. It may be admitted.
10:00:59AM 22	(Exhibit No. A-10 admitted.)
10:01:30AM 23	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, we offer as Exhibit A-11
10:01:34AM 24	the complaint for personal injury filed by plaintiff
10:01:38AM 25	plaintiffs Donald and Marie Varney, husband and wife, at

10:01:41am 1	Case No. 2-17-CV-1902.
10:02:11AM 2	MR. ADAMS: No objection, your Honor, for
10:02:14AM 3	purposes of this hearing only.
10:02:19AM 4	THE COURT: Is this the original complaint that
10:02:26AM 5	started this case?
10:02:27AM 6	MS. SERKO: Yes, your Honor.
10:02:28AM 7	MR. ADAMS: Yes, your Honor.
10:02:32AM 8	THE COURT: A-11 may be admitted.
10:02:36AM 9	(Exhibit No. A-11 admitted.)
10:02:36AM 10	MS. SERKO: Your Honor, we would offer as
10:02:39AM 11	Exhibit A-12 email correspondence from plaintiffs'
10:02:44AM 12	counsel, dated February 1st, 2018, through February 7th,
10:02:55AM 13	2018, regarding Mr. Varney's condition and the deposition.
10:03:57AM 14	MR. ADAMS: No objection, your Honor. Although
10:03:59AM 15	we will have an offer of additional emails for
10:04:04AM 16	completeness once defense rests.
10:04:08AM 17	THE COURT: A-12 may be admitted.
10:04:24AM 18	(Exhibit No. A-12 admitted.)
10:04:24AM 19	MS. SERKO: We have no additional exhibits at
10:04:26AM 20	this time.
10:04:26AM 21	THE COURT: All right. I've got some reading to
10:04:35AM 22	do.
10:04:37AM 23	MS. WEGLARZ: Your Honor, on behalf of all
10:04:39AM 24	defendants, we adopt Foster Wheeler's evidence that it has
10:04:43AM 25	offered into the record.

10:04:44AM 1	THE COURT: Right. Do you have a witness ready?
10:04:55AM 2	MR. VEGA: Your Honor, with that, Foster Wheeler
10:04:59AM 3	rests.
10:05:05AM 4	THE COURT: Do all defendants rest? Okay.
10:05:15AM 5	MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, we have one exhibit to
10:05:17AM 6	offer in rebuttal, if we may.
10:05:20AM 7	THE COURT: Okay.
10:05:22AM 8	MR. ADAMS: Plaintiffs offer as Exhibit 20 an
10:05:28AM 9	email chain from February 2nd, 2018, to February 5th,
10:05:36AM 10	2018, regarding Mr. Varney and his condition. And I have
10:05:39AM 11	a copy for counsel.
10:05:42AM 12	THE COURT: Any objection to 20?
10:05:45AM 13	MS. SERKO: I would just like to review it.
10:06:43AM 14	MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, I misspoke about the
10:06:44AM 15	dates on the document. For Exhibit 20, it is from
10:06:48AM 16	January 26th to February 5th, the email chain offered as
10:06:53AM 17	Exhibit 20.
10:06:55AM 18	MS. SERKO: There will be no objection.
10:06:57AM 19	THE COURT: All right. 20 may be admitted.
10:07:02AM 20	(Exhibit No. 20 admitted.)
10:07:02AM 21	THE COURT: Any further rebuttal?
10:07:06AM 22	MR. ADAMS: No, your Honor.
10:07:08AM 23	THE COURT: All right. Well, now I have to read
10:07:13AM 24	all this stuff. Come back at 1:30. We will see how fast
10:07:21AM 25	I can read. Okay? We will hear argument at 1:30.

10:08:01AM 1	(Recessed.)
01:32:30PM 2	THE COURT: Okay. I have read all of the
01:32:33PM 3	exhibits filed admitted on behalf of the defendants.
01:32:41PM 4	And so I guess all of the evidence is in.
01:32:44PM 5	I wanted to say to you, I am mindful that I kind of
01:32:48PM 6	pushed you around a little bit in regard to objections
01:32:52PM 7	made and so forth. I'm anxious to get to the bottom line
01:33:02PM 8	in this matter. I think that we got everything in that we
01:33:09PM 9	are going to get. I'm sorry if you took offense at my
01:33:19РМ 10	ignoring some of your objections.
01:33:22РМ 11	Mr. Adams, I guess the floor is yours.
01:33:29РМ 12	MR. ADAMS: Thank you, your Honor. Your Honor, I
01:33:43РМ 13	would like to start I would like to end where we
01:33:47PM 14	started.
01:33:48РМ 15	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
01:33:49РМ 16	MR. ADAMS: I would like to end where we started,
01:33:51РМ 17	and that's the bottom line in this matter. It's whether
01:33:57РМ 18	or not Mr. Varney's declaration on February 7th, 2018, was
01:34:01PM 19	a dying declaration under ER 804(b)(2).
01:34:07PM 20	And there are five elements under 804(b)(2). The
01:34:11PM 21	first element is that the witness be unavailable. It's
01:34:16PM 22	completely undisputed that Mr. Varney is unavailable.
01:34:20PM 23	The second is that it be a civil case. Again,
01:34:24PM 24	undisputed this is a civil case.
01:34:27РМ 25	Mr. Varney had to make a statement. And the evidence

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has been that Mr. Varney made the same statement that every witness makes when they sign a document under penalty of perjury and attest to the truth of the facts in the document. He said he has read the foregoing, understands it, and signed it under penalty of perjury.

ER 801, Evidence Rule 801, says nonverbal conduct intended as an assertion is a statement. And so if the only thing we had was Mr. Varney's signature on the document, that would be nonverbal conduct that qualifies as a statement.

But we also have the evidence from Dawn Brown and from Father Schimmel that Mr. Varney stated he was coherent and he understood what the document was.

You will recall in Father Schimmel's declaration he indicates that Mr. Varney acknowledged he knew what the document was, which is entirely consistent with the testimony from Mrs. Brown in court that Mr. Varney made a statement that he was coherent and he understood what the

And so we have both a nonverbal assertion, which qualifies as a statement, and oral statements by Mr. Varney that qualify as statements.

The fourth requirement of ER 804 is that the witness' or the signer's death -- the declarant's death must be imminent, and the declarant must believe his death is

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We know that the evidence, which was largely undisputed, is that Mr. Varney must have known his death was imminent. First of all, just the nature of the injury that he had. He had lost over 55 pounds. The testimony was that he was bones. And there was skin, but it was barely -- skin and bones.

He had increasing pain. Dr. Kercheval stated in his declaration that Mr. Varney's condition had decreased by 70 percent between his admission on January 26th and the date of the declaration, February 7th. Someone who is already extremely ill and extremely sick had decreased by 70 percent.

Dr. Kercheval said that Mr. Varney had days to live, not weeks. Mr. Varney was having difficulty breathing, and he was having all these different symptoms.

The defense would proffer to the Court that

Mr. Varney, with all these physical symptoms, and all this

pain he was going through, and all these things that were

happening to him, did not consciously understand he was

near death.

The testimony is also that Mr. Varney knew there was no cure to his mesothelioma. He knew it was incurable.

That was the testimony from the family members. He knew there was no cure.

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Mr. Varney knew and told his daughter he wouldn't make Gloria and his wedding anniversary from the date in Mexico, which was February 25th, 2018. The testimony was that he bought a gift for Gloria for the earlier anniversary because he knew he wouldn't be around for the second anniversary at the end of February.

Dr. Kercheval's declaration -- By the way,
Dr. Kercheval is the basis of basically the entire
defense. The defense rests most of their case on
Dr. Kercheval. He is their guy. And Dr. Kercheval said
that death is imminent. Under penalty of perjury on
February 7th, 2018, Dr. Kercheval, the treating physician,
said that death is imminent.

And, of course, there was the priest there to give Mr. Varney his last rites, and the sacrament and the anointings, which in Catholicism mean the person is about to die.

Mr. Varney said in his declaration, "I have no hope or expectation of recovery from this terminal disease and my death is imminent."

But most importantly, Mr. Varney died the next day.

So any debate about whether his death was imminent or not, or he could have known, or the circumstantial evidence shown -- showed that it was imminent and he knew, was resolved when he passed away the very next day.

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So while I think there may be some dispute, based on the opening statements, about whether or not this fourth element of ER 804 was satisfied, from the plaintiffs' perspective the evidence is overwhelming.

The last element, Element 5 of ER 804(b)(2), is that the content of the declaration must be about the cause and circumstances of the witness' death.

Here we had undisputed testimony from Dr. Sharma, undisputed testimony from Dr. Kercheval that mesothelioma is a sigmoid tumor and is caused by asbestos.

And the medical records going back nearly a year from Mr. Varney's death repeatedly reference asbestos exposure in the Navy, asbestos exposure in the shipyard. Over and over and over in the medical records regarding Mr. Varney's illness of mesothelioma there is reference to asbestos.

In his declaration Mr. Varney said, "Here is how I was exposed to asbestos. Here is where I was exposed to asbestos. Here are the products I worked with that exposed me to asbestos."

And I didn't see any evidence to dispute any of that, as far as the content of the declaration, whether it was about the cause and circumstances of his illness and death.

And so the evidence has shown that we have met all

01:41:22PM 1 five elements of the dying declaration statute.

And so the question becomes, what is the defense?

What is the position that the defendants have presented to the Court? And I would submit to the Court that the defense has sort of been a throw-anything-at-the-wall defense and see if it sticks.

The first defense was truly, your Honor, an argument only a lawyer could make. It was that Mr. Varney's declaration was too consistent with other evidence.

Consistency was presented to the Court as a weakness in plaintiffs' case, in that the products in Mr. Varney's declaration were the same products in his sworn responses to written interrogatories, that the statements in the declaration were consistent with the statements in the complaint, that the statements in the declaration were consistent with the statements made in the medical records, that the statements in the declaration were consistent with the statements in the declaration were consistent with the statements in the declaration were consistent with the statements Mr. Varney made to his family, and that consistency somehow was a weakness in plaintiffs' case.

But, your Honor, can you imagine if there was an inconsistency in the declaration, if there was an inconsistency in the declaration and the sworn interrogatories or the medical records or what the family said? What would the defense present to the Court if

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-Barry L. Fanning, RMR, CRR - Official Court Reporter-

01:43:01PM 1 there was an inconsistency? These sorts of arguments, where heads we win, tails 01:43:06PM 2 you lose, should be rejected by the court. 01:43:10PM 3 01:43:14PM 4 In any event, there is nothing about consistency in 01:43:17PM 5 ER 804(b)(2). There was then an argument presented to the Court 01:43:20PM 6 01:43:23PM 7 about the spontaneity of the declaration, and that 01:43:28PM 8 Mr. Varney had made these same statements in medical records and to his family long before he was sick. 01:43:31PM 9 01:43:35РМ 10 Spontaneity is nowhere to be found in ER 804(b)(2). 01:43:40PM 11 It is simply not an element of that exception to the 01:43:43PM 12 hearsay rule. 01:43:45PM 13 Spontaneity is, however, an element of ER 803(2), the 01:43:50PM 14 excited utterance exception to the hearsay rule, which has 01:43:54PM 15 nothing to do with the proceeding that we are here on. 01:43:59PM 16 Spontaneity is specifically referenced as a key factor in 01:44:03PM 17 that exception. 01:44:04PM 18 So either the defense was confused about which 01:44:09PM 19 section we were here for or it was just a red herring. 01:44:17PM 20 There were arguments made about the policy 01:44:24PM 21 justifications for the dying declaration exception to the 01:44:30PM 22 hearsay rule. I think Ms. Weglarz, John Crane's lawyer, 01:44:37PM 23 made a fairly strong argument about the policy 01:44:41PM 24 justifications behind the dying declaration, that when a 01:44:47PM 25 person is at the end of their life and they are going to

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meet their maker, their only real motive is to tell the truth. That's why we have the dying declaration exception.

But we also heard that Mr. Varney was a religious man, that he had a priest come to give him the last rites and the sacred anointments. The defense would have the Court believe that Mr. Varney as his last act as a religious man told a lie. I think the Court should give very little weight to an argument that what Mr. Varney did did not fit squarely into the policy justifications behind the dying declaration exception.

Then there were all the arguments, which was a large part of the defense, about the credibility of the witnesses and the credibility of the evidence. There were the arguments that there was legalese in the declaration, and so the declaration itself was not credible, that the lawyers, quote, fabricated the declaration, and that what the lawyers did was not credible, and that it was a, quote, cut and paste from the complaint and from the interrogatories and it wasn't credible.

There was testimony that I gave the notary a \$100 bill. It was designated by the defense. It was proffered by the defense to the Court.

There was evidence that the priest had some relation to the family ahead of time and therefore what he said

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should not be given as significant weight as if he had no connection to the family.

There was a statement that the nursing notes were automated, and so maybe the nurses just forgot to change the automated entries in the nursing notes that uniformly state Mr. Varney was alert and his mental status was coherent.

There was the argument made during the cross-examination of Mrs. Brown that she had a financial interest in the lawsuit.

These arguments, whatever their weight, whatever their legitimacy, go to the weight of the evidence, and therefore the trier of fact. As the Court knows, it is the exclusive province of the jury to assess the credibility of witnesses and the weight of the evidence.

Also, not a single one of those is in ER 804(b)(2).

There were a number of statements in opening about what the evidence would show, and they never came in. There was a statement in opening that Mr. Varney had dizziness. We never saw it. There was a statement in opening that Mr. Varney had blurred vision. We never saw And there was a statement that I already covered, that Mr. Varney's death was not imminent.

And so there is a tension, I would argue to the Court, in the defense position. The position is that

Mr. Varney was not sick enough to know his death was 01:48:13PM 1 01:48:16PM 2 imminent, while at the same time he was too sick and too nonresponsive to have signed the declaration. 01:48:21PM 3 And we 01:48:25PM 4 would submit to the Court that it is one or the other, but 01:48:27PM 5 not both. And the defense has proffered both. We would submit to the Court that it is neither. 01:48:30PM 6 But 01:48:33PM 7 to say that it is both is inconsistent. There was the argument that this was a, quote, 01:48:36PM 8 01:48:41PM 9 theatrical production, completely staged. There was even a priest there, your Honor, was the argument. "There was 01:48:46PM 10 01:48:49PM 11 even a priest. This was completely staged and 01:48:54PM 12 theatrical." And, your Honor, it is true we brought a priest, we 01:48:54PM 13 brought a notary, we brought the family. Can you imagine 01:48:58PM 14 01:49:03PM 15 the argument if we hadn't, if Mr. Adams had snuck into the 01:49:09PM 16 room with no witnesses, presented the declaration to 01:49:13PM 17 Mr. Varney, had him sign it, left, and no one else had 01:49:17PM 18 seen it? Can you imagine the argument that would have 01:49:21PM 19 been made by defense? 01:49:24PM 20 With the same breath the defense presented to the 01:49:27PM 21 Court the argument that it wasn't theatrical enough, it 01:49:34PM 22 wasn't staged enough, because plaintiffs didn't bring a 01:49:39РМ 23 cameraman and didn't film it on their cameras. And so the 01:49:45PM 24 defense, again, has presented these

heads-we-win-tails-you-lose arguments, that it wasn't

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theatrical enough, and it was too theatrical and staged, and the Court should give those types of arguments very little weight. None of them are in ER 804(b)(2) either.

And so the evidence has shown that there really is only one defense, one legitimate -- one real defense presented by the defense. And that's that Mr. Varney was not competent to sign the declaration. That's the real defense.

The problem with that defense is that every single person in the room when Mr. Varney signed the declaration says that defense is wrong, and says he was --

THE COURT: Except you.

MR. ADAMS: I was here. I was here. I was ready to take the stand, and the defense chose not to call me. I understand I could have put myself on the stand in my own case. I understand that, your Honor. I was here. I also could have not shown up and had another lawyer come in my place and made them subpoena me.

They never subpoenaed me, your Honor. I showed up voluntarily, and I am here, and I was here on the date they said they would put me on the stand. And so I think the only inference from that the Court can draw is that my testimony would have been consistent with the other people in the room.

All of these people have to have been wrong for the

defense to be accurate, including -- Let me take a step 01:51:35PM 1 01:51:46PM 2 back. The defense is that Mr. Varney was unable to respond. That's the defense. He was unable to respond, 01:51:50PM 3 01:51:57PM 4 he was obtunded and he was unable to respond, and 01:52:01PM 5 therefore the declaration lacks any indicia of reliability and it should not be let in under any hearsay exception, 01:52:07PM 6 01:52:12PM 7 including the dying declaration. That's my understanding 01:52:14PM 8 of what the defense is. But the notary, Mr. Parris, said he would absolutely 01:52:15PM 9 01:52:19РМ 10 not ever notarize a document if the witness -- if the 01:52:24PM 11 signer was unable to respond. Because if you are unable to respond, he said, I don't know if they are lucid or 01:52:27PM 12

> Nurse Kracke, who was one of the nurses repeatedly referenced in the nursing notes, made this entry on February 7th, 2018, about Mr. Varney, his level of consciousness was alert. His mental status, the very issue in this case, his mental status, "Alert. Oriented times four."

Your Honor, if this was all we had -- This is created by someone who has zero interest in this lawsuit. And she says Mr. Varney's mental status on February 7th, 2018, was alert and oriented.

His thought process, what was going on in his head, the very issue here, was coherent on February 7th, 2018.

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They haven't brought a single document to dispute this.

Then we had the second nurse, Nurse Alexander. Nurse Alexander, again, on February 7th, 2017 (sic), Mr. Varney, when asked about his urinary issues, denied problems to the nurse. This was at 6:38 p.m., long after he signed the declaration, but as his condition was deteriorating. He was still denying problems to a separate, completely independent nurse, which required communication.

We heard from Dr. Sharma. And he testified about these nursing notes and what they meant. He said he heavily relied on them as a doctor. He said that for these entries in which Mr. Varney denies problems, he must have communicated this, the nurse must have asked him the question, and he understood the question and he answered it appropriately the way he felt. And so when there is a nursing note saying the patient is denying problems, Dr. Sharma says there is a communication the patient understands, and the patient answers appropriately.

Dr. Sharma also said, based on all of these nursing records that he reviewed at his deposition, that when I asked him the question, "Can you tell us whether or not Mr. Varney would have been alert enough to understand this document, the declaration that he signed," Dr. Sharma said, "Based on the records which have been presented, I

think he was alert and oriented." That's a question about 01:55:15PM 1 01:55:22PM 2 Mr. Varney signing the document, that his treating physician says when he did that he was alert and oriented 01:55:26PM 3 01:55:30PM 4 based on these records. And then we have Mr. Varney's wife, Gloria, who said, 01:55:32PM 5 "He knew he had to sign that paper. If not, he would not 01:55:38PM 6 01:55:41PM 7 leave comfortably. I don't know how, but at that moment he was lucid. He was lucid and he signed." 01:55:45PM 8 Mr. Varney himself signed the document. That's his 01:55:49PM 9 signature on the document. And so Mr. Varney committed an 01:55:53PM 10 01:56:00PM 11 act on the document, signing it in the right place with 01:56:03PM 12 his signature. 01:56:04РМ 13 Mr. Varney's daughter came and testified, Marie (sic) 01:56:09РМ 14 She said about Don Varney, that when he was 01:56:14PM 15 presented with the document he sat up in bed, he said, 01:56:17PM 16

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"I'm coherent" and "I know what I'm doing."

And finally, Father Schimmel, the priest who was in the room at the time of the signing, said, "Mr. Varney was handed the attached document and a pen. Although he was very sick, I was impressed that he sat up to sign the document rather than stay lying in the bed and make a scribble signature, lying down, that I have seen other patients make when in hospital. He opened his eyes, held the document, responded positively that he knew what he was signing, and he signed it. He appeared to understand

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the document." And that was signed by Father Schimmel.

And, your Honor, you also heard that the defense called Father Schimmel on the phone. One of the defense lawyers called Father Schimmel on the phone before I spoke to him and obtained this declaration.

And so to the extent the Court will charge a party with not having had a witness here live, or weigh that as a strike against one of the parties, I would submit to the Court that we got a declaration from Father Schimmel, the defense contacted him, and the defense did not present any evidence, subpoena Father Schimmel or bring him live. So at least we brought something under oath signed by Father Schimmel for the Court to consider.

If the defense theory of the case were true -- We have come to the Court, we have presented each of our competing theories of the case of what happened. defense theory is correct, what else has to be true? Every single one of those witnesses has to have gotten it wrong, every single one of those medical records has to be And so, your Honor, what are the odds that they are all wrong?

And if the defense theory is true, and Mr. Varney was unable to respond, and all of these witnesses who have no interest in the case whatsoever, the nurses, the notary, the priest, and the doctor, are wrong, who signed the

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01:58:45рм 1	document?
01:58:49РМ 2	If Mr. Varney was unable to respond, how is his
01:58:53PM 3	signature on the document? For the defense position to be
01:59:00PM 4	true, someone had to have guided his hand, signed for him,
01:59:07PM 5	or somehow otherwise got someone's signature on a document
01:59:13PM 6	who could not respond. There would have to be something
01:59:20PM 7	nefarious with the signature to have happened in the
01:59:24PM 8	presence of all nine of those people. And they all said
01:59:28PM 9	the exact opposite. That's the logical sequence of
01:59:37РМ 10	inferences from the defense theory of the case. It is
01:59:40РМ 11	just not believable, your Honor.
01:59:41РМ 12	I want to end with some case law. The defense put up
01:59:46РМ 13	a bunch of case law in their opening statements. I didn't
01:59:49РМ 14	do that, because I tried to predict what the evidence
01:59:52РМ 15	would be and not make argument. But there are a number of
01:59:57рм 16	cases that I would just like to reference quickly. The
02:00:00РМ 17	first case is Pisano versus Alfa Laval. This was a
02:00:04PM 18	case
02:00:06РМ 19	MS. WEGLARZ: Your Honor, I am going to object.
02:00:09РМ 20	This is not even precedent. This is an unpublished case.
21	MR. ADAMS: She's next. She can make any
02:00:20PM 22	argument
02:00:20РМ 23	THE COURT: That doesn't mean you can't refer to

MS. WEGLARZ: I think there are rules that if a

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it.

case is not published, it should not be referred to. 02:00:25PM 1 02:00:29PM 2 THE COURT: I choose not to follow that rule, which is a very bad rule. Some judge did that on the 02:00:31PM 3 02:00:35PM 4 record. It's a matter of public record. It's appropriate 02:00:40PM 5 to refer to it. 02:00:42PM 6 MS. WEGLARZ: Thank you. 02:00:44PM 7 MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, I agree this is not 02:00:45PM 8

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binding authority, but it may be persuasive authority for the Court to consider.

This is a case in which the court held that three affidavits signed by a mesothelioma victim, nearly two months before his death, with zero witnesses, no priest, no notary, just the lawyers and the witness, three months before he died met the hearsay exception for a dying declaration, and the court denied summary judgment.

The court did so because mesothelioma is an always terminal cancer, and the signer knew he was going to die.

Mr. Varney signed the declaration the day before he died, and there were multiple witnesses, as the Court knows.

The next case is a Washington State Supreme Court case, State versus Quinn, 56 Wn 295 at Page 299. It is a case that's over 100 years old, but still good law. It approved of the admission of a dying declaration consisting of a statement written by the prosecuting attorney, which was read and signed by the declarant. The

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defendant was then convicted of first-degree murder in a 02:01:54PM 1 trial involving the admission of that statement written by 02:01:58PM 2 the prosecuting attorney. It has been good law for 110 02:02:01PM 3 02:02:05PM 4 And it was from the Washington State Supreme 02:02:07PM 5 Court. And lastly, your Honor, State versus Gallagher, 4 02:02:09PM 6 This was a statement made by an individual 02:02:19PM 7 Wash. 2d 437. who was involved in an assault and a shooting, and had 02:02:27PM 8 The court specifically referenced the fact 02:02:31PM 9 been shot. 02:02:36РМ 10 that the doctors did not tell him death was imminent. 02:02:39РМ 11 Mr. Nelson was not advised by his physician that the death 02:02:43PM 12 was imminent. There was no priest, and it was specifically mentioned by the Washington State Supreme 02:02:46PM 13 02:02:49РМ 14 Court that there was no spiritual advisor present. 02:02:52PM 15 Because, of course, having a spiritual advisor present is 02:02:56PM 16 an indication that death is imminent, as I just argued to the Court earlier. 02:03:00PM 17 02:03:00PM 18 There was no family. The court specifically

referenced the fact that the dying victim did not call his family to gather at his deathbed. Another indication that death was not imminent. Obviously, we have the exact opposite in this case.

The victim did not die until eight days later, eight days after he signed -- or he made the statement.

And the court -- but the court specifically admitted

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-Barry L. Fanning, RMR, CRR - Official Court Reporter-

He must

02:03:33PM 1 the statement from the victim, because the nature of his 02:03:40PM 2 wounds indicated his knowledge of his imminent death. "The nature of the wounds was such that surely Nelson must 02:03:43PM 3 02:03:48PM 4 have realized the situation, in view of which he was 02:03:52PM 5 conscious of approaching death." And so, your Honor, the Washington State Supreme 02:03:57PM 02:04:01PM 7 Court has just verified and approved of the inferences and the arguments I just made to your Honor at the very 02:04:04PM 8 beginning about Mr. Varney's last days, his condition, his 02:04:08PM 9 loss of weight, his pain, and that he was bones. 02:04:13PM 10 02:04:19PM 11 have been conscious of his approaching death because of 02:04:22PM 12 the nature of the wounds. And so, your Honor, I believe we have shown -- we 02:04:23PM 13 have met the elements of the dying declaration, and we 02:04:28PM 14 02:04:31PM 15 have created enough for the issue to go to the jury on 02:04:36PM 16 whether or not Mr. Varney was competent. Thank you so 02:04:38PM 17 much for listening to me. 02:04:41PM 18 Thank you, Mr. Adams. THE COURT:

> MS. WEGLARZ: Good afternoon. May I start? just want to address before I start with my presentation that I have prepared with just a few things that Mr. Adams just said.

First, this is in fact a preliminary fact hearing under Federal Rule of Evidence 104. As such, your Honor is the judge, the trier of fact, and therefore should and

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must weigh the evidence that was presented over the last day and today.

Second, plaintiff is a proponent of evidence here.

Plaintiff is the one trying to admit this declaration.

Therefore, it is their burden to present the evidence to prove admissibility of that declaration.

When we were told about this hearing, you had asked us to come, and I have up on the projection, on the ELMO right now, what you asked us to bring. You said, "The Court would welcome Mrs. Varney's testimony where cross-examination is available." The Court already did have some of this testimony. In particular, the defense in several motions for summary judgment did rely on Mrs. Varney's testimony.

Mrs. Varney is the wife of Donald Varney. She could have come here. She did not come here to testify. We deposed her in Phoenix, maybe in the fall. She is still working. She is not retired. She is able-bodied. She could have been here in court today to tell us specifically about the declaration, how it was made, what happened in that room. And she is not here.

The Court made note in that order that there is no evidence as to the source of information in the affidavit or who prepared it. We still don't have that evidence. It was not presented yesterday or today.

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In the order the Court also said, "The Court is aware that it may be necessary for one or more of Mr. Varney's lawyers to testify." Presumably, it seems like,
Mr. Varney's lawyers are the ones who have information with regards to where the information in the affidavit came from and how it was prepared, whose statements are actually in that affidavit.

And, again, that is not the defense's burden to bring that evidence into this court. That's plaintiffs' burden.

And it did not happen.

I will see if I can get this to work. We are going to run it from over here.

I am going to start with Rule -- Federal Rule of Evidence 804(b)(2), which is the dying declaration exception. I think when plaintiffs' counsel was discussing this rule, it missed some of the important points of it. It is a point that looks at the time when the statement by the declarant is actually made. There is two parts of this rule that I think we need to concentrate on for this hearing.

One, there needs to be proof that the statement was actually made by the declarant. Again, in order to note these statements were made by the declarant, we have to know how that affidavit was put together, who put it together, how it was put together, when it was put

02:11:10PM 1 together.

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The second part that I think is very important in this case is that that statement had to have been put together for the first time at the time the declarant thought his death was imminent, not something he said eight or nine times, and now he is saying it again. It had to have been said at that moment when he thought death was imminent.

I had brought up when we -- I guess it was just yesterday, the case of King versus Woodcock, that famous English case. This is where this exception comes from.

And, again, it has that temporal element, where the party when the statement is made -- that it has to be at the point of death the first time it is made. But it also has to be made when every motive to falsehood is silenced.

There cannot be any motives.

Those same justifications for this exception are also found in United States jurisprudence, Kirby versus United States. Again, we talk about when every motive for falsehood must be supposed to have been silenced.

And, again, here is our temporal evidence that I brought up yesterday, in Shepard versus United States, that says the declarant must have spoken that statement at the time that he was in the shadow of impending death.

So here is what I think the evidence over the last

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two days is: I think we still have absolutely no evidence regarding how his declaration was created, when it was created, who created it, where it was created. We don't know any circumstances regarding this declaration. We are still in the same spot we were -- as we were last Friday.

This declaration contains statements made for purposes of litigation. It's made with motivation because it was made for purposes of litigation.

At the time when this declaration was presented to Mr. Varney in his hospital bed, in his hospital room, we still don't have any evidence that he actually read it, that he actually knew the contents of it. We don't know if he meant to adopt all the contents in it. All we know is that he signed it. That's all we know.

We just don't have any evidence that he knew what he was actually signing, what it said, where the content came from, or whether it was even his own statements. We don't know that, because we don't know how the declaration was created, or where the information came from.

We know that some of the statements in the declaration had been said as early as December 20th, when he was not fearing imminent death. We knew that some of the statements had been said even a year before. These are things that he had just been saying for a year.

Now, there may be a reason why no one at this point

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remembers the circumstances of how this declaration was made, and that's because the plaintiffs never disclosed this declaration to the defendants until June 2018. Ιt was not disclosed in their initial disclosures. only disclosed more than four months after it was actually signed, when memories had already started to dissipate.

I think even Mr. Parris said if he had been asked about the circumstances surrounding what happened in that room, if it had even been a few months earlier it might have made a difference.

I mentioned I thought the evidence in this case shows that these were litigation statements. And that legalese language in Paragraph 1 of the declaration is an example of how it is a litigation statement. It mirrors the exact language of the evidence rule. Mr. Varney was not a This is not the kind of language that would have lawyer. come out of his mouth, his own statements.

The other paragraphs mirror other language of legal documents in this case, and particularly the December 20th complaint and the January 11th interrogatory responses.

What's notable is in those interrogatory responses this is the language that is in there: "I believe my attorneys have information suggesting that I was exposed to the defendants' asbestos products during my time working as a marine machinist at the shipyards." This

suggests that information is coming from the attorneys. 02:16:30PM 1 02:16:35PM 2 If we go paragraph by paragraph in this declaration 02:16:40PM 3 we see it mirrored with the interrogatory responses and 02:16:45PM 4 the complaint. 02:16:46PM 5 For example, Paragraph 2 in the declaration corresponds to Interrogatory Response No. 13. Paragraph 2 02:16:49PM 6 02:16:57PM 7 corresponds with complaint paragraphs 17 and 54(c). 02:17:08PM 8 Paragraph 3 in the declaration corresponds to 02:17:16PM 9 Plaintiffs' Interrogatory Response No. 11, which, again, 02:17:21PM 10 is the, "I believe my attorneys have information 02:17:24PM 11 suggesting that I was exposed to" language. Paragraph 3 also corresponds to Paragraph 54(b) in the 02:17:29PM 12 02:17:34PM 13 December complaint. 02:17:38PM 14 Paragraph 4 in the declaration corresponds almost 02:17:42PM 15 exactly to the Interrogatory Response No. 12. This is the 02:17:52PM 16 response that lists out all the product manufacturers 02:17:56PM 17 specifically. 02:18:02PM 18 Declaration Paragraph 4 corresponds with Paragraphs 1 02:18:06PM 19 through 47, and 54(d) in the complaint. For illustrative 02:18:10PM 20 purposes I only have John Crane's paragraph up here. 02:18:14РМ 21 every defendant in this case has a similar paragraph as 02:18:20PM 22 ascribed to it in the complaint. 02:18:25PM 23 Paragraphs 5 and 6 --02:18:30PM 24 THE COURT: Hold on a second. 02:18:30РМ 25 MS. WEGLARZ: Do you want me to go back? If the

02:18:38PM 1	Court would like, we can give you copies of that if you				
02:18:41PM 2	don't want				
02:18:42РМ З	THE COURT: Just a minute. Give me a minute. Go				
02:19:39РМ 4	ahead.				
02:19:42PM 5	MS. WEGLARZ: Paragraphs 5 and 6 are more				
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02:19:52РМ 7	Response No. 12 that we find in that set of January 11th				
02:19:55PM 8	responses to interrogatories.				
02:19:59PM 9	Paragraph 7 of the declaration directly corresponds				
02:20:04PM 10	to the Interrogatory Response No. 12 in that January 11th				
02:20:09РМ 11	set of interrogatories. I think that is supposed to say				
02:20:19РМ 12	Paragraph 7, not Paragraph 4. Paragraph 7 of the				
02:20:22РМ 13	declaration also corresponds to Paragraph 58 of the				
02:20:26РМ 14	complaint, which has to do with the warnings.				
02:20:32РМ 15	The complaint and the interrogatory responses, these				
02:20:38РМ 16	were statements made well in advance of Mr. Varney ever				
02:20:45PM 17	going into the hospital. They were made well in advance				
02:20:48PM 18	of him ever being under fear of imminent death.				
02:20:53РМ 19	THE COURT: Just one more second. I am trying to				
02:20:56РМ 20	figure something out here. I'm sorry. Go ahead.				
02:21:47РМ 21	MS. WEGLARZ: These statements about Mr. Varney's				
02:21:54PM 22	asbestos exposures had also been spoken about by				
02:21:58PM 23	Mr. Varney months before he was in the hospital.				
02:22:05PM 24	Mrs. Varney told us that.				
02:22:08PM 25	She also told us he did not use specifics, like				

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talking about gaskets and packing, but he did talk about how he thought it was, in general, asbestos exposures, causing his mesothelioma, at the shipyards. But, again, these were not statements made for the first time while his death is imminent.

She says that these statements were made to her by her husband before he was even diagnosed with mesothelioma, before he even knew he had a terminal cancer.

These kind of statements about his asbestos exposures in the shipyard were also made to his doctor more than six months before his mesothelioma diagnosis, a year before that declaration was ever executed in the hospital room.

It says in the medical records that Mr. Varney discussed with Dr. Sharma extensively regarding asbestos-induced lung disease, and that the patient was exposed to asbestos from the age of 18 to 30 when he was working in the shipyards.

However, the fact that Mr. Varney is saying the same thing four, five different kinds of ways, at least that we know of in the evidence, that does not make those statements some sort of magical dying declaration when they are said another time during the course of litigation, whether or not it is in a hospital room or It does not magically transform these words into not.

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something without motivation, without this fear of meeting your maker with a lie upon your lips. It does not fit the policy considerations for this exception.

The context of all those prior statements, at least the ones in December and January, they are made in the context -- they were made in the context of litigation that was started by the declarant himself. There was motivation there.

With regards to the evidence that plaintiffs brought into this courtroom to support the admissibility of this declaration, here is the evidence that they brought: They brought you Mr. Parris, who has absolutely no memory of Mr. Varney or the notarization event whatsoever, except for the fact that there was a \$100 bill. That's all he remembers. Other than that, he couldn't tell us anything.

And, again, he doesn't know when the declaration was created. He doesn't know who created it. He doesn't know if Mr. Varney read it. He said it is not a requirement that a document be read before it is notarized. He never sees documents read.

And, again, the acknowledgment that he put on that document merely said that it was Mr. Varney signing it. He said it does not verify the trustworthiness of the document, it just identifies the signer.

The plaintiffs also brought you Dr. Sharma by way of

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Again, he had no testimony regarding who deposition. drafted the declaration, how it was drafted, when it was drafted, or why it was drafted.

We know that Dr. Sharma saw Mr. Varney maybe around 8:30 or earlier that day. We also know that Dr. Kercheval saw him closer in time to the declaration. Dr. Kercheval saw him within a half hour of that declaration being So even Dr. Sharma, when he saw Mr. Varney, the time is more attenuated than when Dr. Kercheval saw Mr. Varney.

And Dr. Sharma said in his deposition, with regards to those nurses' notes, "I don't vouch for the nurses." And he did describe how sometimes nurses' notes have auto-populated parts to them.

And he, in the end, deferred to Dr. Kercheval's findings when he was asked with regards to whether or not Dr. Kercheval using the term "obtunded" was in fact correct.

Plaintiffs, by declaration, brought you Father Schimmel's testimony. Again, Father Schimmel does not say when this document was created, doesn't know who created it, doesn't say how the document was created.

He confirmed that they actually put off the signing could have just videotaped him signing the document that

because there was no notary in the room. However, they

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evening, or even the next day.

But the fact that they even put off signing it kind of just shows you that it is an orchestrated plan. It was not something on your deathbed. If you are doing something on your deathbed, you do it then, you make it happen at that point if it is really -- you are thinking that death is imminent. You don't put it off.

Dawn Brown -- I think the Court knows this, but the defense did not have the ability to depose Ms. Brown before she took the stand the other day. So that was our first chance to talk to Ms. Brown.

And what she did tell us was a little different from how we had heard the events before. But we do know that she is the one who found Mr. Adams and his law firm. And she has a financial stake in the outcome of this case. That's the only person they brought you live to testify here today, someone with a financial stake in the outcome of this hearing and this case.

She also said that her father had been telling her about these asbestos exposures, not for the first time on his deathbed, but for months before.

She said she had never seen the declaration before the day it was signed. She doesn't know who created it. She doesn't know how it was created. She doesn't know when it was created. She doesn't know where it was

And she doesn't know where the information in 02:29:10PM 1 created. the affidavit came from. 02:29:13PM 2 She doesn't know if anyone told her father what the 02:29:15PM 3 02:29:20PM 4 declaration said. She doesn't know if he read it. 02:29:23PM 5 doesn't know if it was read to him. She told us that her father felt like, when he got 02:29:27PM 6 02:29:33PM 7 diagnosed, he needed to do something about it. He wanted something to happen because of what happened to him. 02:29:38PM 8 That, and also he wanted to take care of his wife Gloria. 02:29:44PM 9 That's motive right there for making -- Even if those 02:29:48PM 10 02:29:53PM 11 were his own statements, he had motive in making those 02:29:57PM 12 statements that were made for this complaint and for this lawsuit that wound up in another declaration. Even if he 02:30:00PM 13 knew what was in that declaration when he signed it, they 02:30:05PM 14 02:30:08PM 15 were just statements that he had prepared in anticipation 02:30:11PM 16 of litigation, with a motive. 02:30:13PM 17 Mrs. Varney, Gloria, you were given her deposition to 02:30:21PM 18 Again, she gives no information regarding who 02:30:25PM 19 created that declaration, how it was created, when it was 02:30:29PM 20 created, where it was created, or where the information 02:30:32РМ 21 came from. 02:30:35РМ 22 And I think what is notable about Mrs. Varney is that 02:30:38РМ 23 her testimony completely contradicts Mrs. Brown's 02:30:45PM 24 testimony. When we deposed Mrs. Varney in the fall -- I

deposed her in the fall in Phoenix, she told us that on

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the day that this declaration was signed, her husband couldn't talk. He did not talk. Her husband's last words were said to her three or four days before he died, so a few days before the declaration was signed. I asked her, "What were your husband's last words?" He said, "I love you, Gloria," or something to that effect, three or four days before. That is something memorable.

She told us --The question was, "Was there any conversation that happened during this time when the priest and the notary were present in the hospital room when your husband signed the declaration?" She said, "No. Everyone was quiet. The priest was to his side, the notary was in front, watching. I was next to my husband. The lawyer was here. We were just looking at him. the one that was next to him, but we were just there, The notary was watching everything. But no one watching. talked. He just looked at me when they gave him the paper and he held the paper, and then he signed. He signed it and he laid backwards."

This is in stark contrast to Ms. Brown coming in here and saying that he in fact said something to the effect of, "I am coherent. I know what I am signing," something to that effect. It is completely contradictory to what Ms. Varney told us back in November.

I think Ms. Varney also gives us evidence showing

that Mr. Varney did have motive in making this sort of a 02:32:42PM 1 declaration, if in fact he did have any sort of 02:32:47PM 2 cooperation in drafting it. The question to her at the 02:32:52PM 3 02:32:57PM 4 deposition was, "You said when he started he wanted to do 02:33:02PM 5 "What do you mean by 'when he started'?" are talking about the lawsuit here. Her answer was, "When 02:33:06PM 6 they told him that he was ill from the asbestos he wanted 02:33:08PM 7 02:33:13PM 8 to do something because of his illness. So he knew that if he did that paperwork, he would help me. So he wanted 02:33:17PM 9 me to be okay. And that's what he was waiting for, to 02:33:21PM 10 02:33:25PM 11 sign those papers." That's motive. 02:33:27PM 12 This takes us back to the case law, where it says for 02:33:35PM 13 a dying declaration that motive is supposed to have been silenced, it is not supposed to be present like it was 02:33:39PM 14 02:33:43РМ 15 here. 02:33:44PM 16 02:33:46PM 17 02:33:50PM 18 admissibility of this document as a dying declaration 02:33:53PM 19

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This brings us back to the summary of evidence, as least with regard to why there was no evidence to support admissibility of this document as a dying declaration under FRE 804(b). And I think it still comes down to the fact that we don't know how that declaration was made, we don't know that Mr. Varney knew the information in that declaration, even what it was. We have no idea. We don't know if he collaborated with it. We don't know if it was him helping the lawyers draft it. We still don't know nothing -- don't know anything. Take out the double

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I also want to address just really briefly the residual exception that is found in Federal Rule of Evidence 807, because this was also an issue raised for this hearing. There are four elements that need to be met in order for a declaration or statement to come into evidence under this hearsay exception.

The first element is circumstantial guarantees of trustworthiness. The Ninth Circuit does give us twelve different steps to show how that trust -- the guarantee of trustworthiness is established. None of those steps are met here, none of those elements.

We have a declarant -- Well, this one, actually. It says whether declarant was under oath. I know that declaration says "signed under penalty of perjury," but if we don't have the evidence that he knew what he was signing, or that he actually read it, I think just having a document that says "under penalty of perjury" doesn't mean anything if the person doesn't know -- there is no evidence he knows what he is actually signing.

Again, the statement about whether or not the statement is voluntary. We don't even know if it is his statement or not, because we don't know how that declaration was created.

Whether or not it is based on personal knowledge.

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02:35:59PM 1	Again, we don't know this because we don't know how that
02:36:02PM 2	declaration was created. We do know in the
02:36:06PM 3	interrogatories it says that same information was told to
02:36:09PM 4	him by his attorneys. And that, again, is in response to
02:36:14PM 5	Interrogatory No. 11.
02:36:18PM 6	Contradicted by previous statements. We don't have
02:36:21PM 7	that here.
02:36:22PM 8	Statement preserved on videotape. That could have
02:36:26PM 9	happened here. Everyone pretty much has smartphones now.
02:36:31РМ 10	It could have been videotaped. It wasn't.
02:36:35РМ 11	Mr. Varney is not available for cross-examination,
02:36:38РМ 12	which is the sixth element.
02:36:40РМ 13	Seven, which is the proximity of the statement in
02:36:46РМ 14	time to the events it describes. Well, this declaration
02:36:48РМ 15	is describing events that were 40 and 50 years ago.
02:36:51PM 16	Whether or not the statement has been corroborated.
02:36:55PM 17	Here, it has not been.
02:36:57pm 18	Nine, whether there is motivation to fabricate. I
02:37:02PM 19	think I have addressed that throughout this presentation,
02:37:04PM 20	with regard to Mr. Varney being the declarant and
02:37:09РМ 21	Mr. Varney having brought his own lawsuit.
02:37:11PM 22	Ten, whether it was a statement prepared in
02:37:15PM 23	anticipation of litigation. Again, those same statements
02:37:18РМ 24	do show up in the complaint and the interrogatories.
02:37:22РМ 25	The statement's spontaneity. By the mere fact that

it is in this prepared declaration, I think that takes 02:37:26PM 1 away from that spontaneity completely. 02:37:29PM 2 Whether or not the declarant's perception or memory 02:37:32PM 3 02:37:36PM 4 is faulty. We didn't really address that in this particular hearing. 02:37:40PM 5 I think when you take all of these steps together, we 02:37:42PM 02:37:47PM 7 don't come back to that -- we don't have that quarantee of trustworthiness that would allow it to fit under the 02:37:51PM 8 residual exception of Federal Rule of Evidence 807. 02:37:54PM 9 And I think -- Again, the summary of the evidence is 02:38:01PM 10 02:38:08PM 11 in fact that this was merely another piece of paper that 02:38:16PM 12 was made in the context of litigation. And without knowing, again, how, who, or when, or what, or anything 02:38:23PM 13 about that declaration, we are still left in the same spot 02:38:29PM 14 02:38:32РМ 15 we were last Friday. 02:38:33РМ 16 And with that, I am going to end, and I would ask this Court to rule that declaration is in fact not 02:38:38PM 17 02:38:44PM 18 admissible under either 804 or 807. Thank you. 02:38:50PM 19 THE COURT: Counsel. Let's take ten so I don't 02:39:01PM 20 have to interrupt you. 02:50:01PM 21 (Recessed.) 02:54:45PM 22 THE COURT: Counsel, I trust you are not going to 02:54:49PM 23 tell me anything that your colleague just told me? 02:54:53PM 24 MR. VEGA: I am going to try not to. We do have some duplicate slides, and I intend to gloss over those 02:54:56PM 25

02:55:00PM 1 very quickly. I am mindful of your time and everyone 02:55:03PM 2 else's time.

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Your Honor, this particular case and these particular set of circumstances create a serious problem in this litigation and, quite frankly, may have drastic implications throughout the country, as you have already seen.

In fact, one of the decisions that I believe plaintiffs' counsel referenced earlier, the Pisano case out of Rhode Island -- I believe that is one of their cases, also. And this has become the standard -- or a practice that this firm is engaging in, and I fear that it is going to spread. I fear that this particular situation that we are seeing here is -- will mark the end of mesothelioma depositions for defendants in all of these

THE COURT: What does that mean to me?

MR. VEGA: What it means to you is this is really just a way of using an evidentiary rule not the way it is intended, and to basically just, "You know what, I am just going to get a declaration from my witness, and so long as I get a declaration" -- "basically I create a contract," as the plaintiffs' counsel, "create a contract and just have my client sign it." All of a sudden now it becomes affirmative evidence against all of the other defendants.

-Barry L. Fanning, RMR, CRR - Official Court Reporter-

That cannot be allowed to happen.

In fact, that is the definition of a self-serving statement. That's never admissible anywhere. In fact, the only way it is admissible is if the defendants want to use it -- so thank you -- if the defendants want to use it to prove up shares, because now it is a statement made by the plaintiff. But the plaintiff can't use it affirmatively, which is what they are trying to do here.

The key issue, and this is something that we have to keep in mind, it's when the statement was first uttered, not when it was last uttered. When was it first uttered? And we have to distinguish between when those words were first made versus when the declaration was signed. cares when the declaration was signed? It's when were those words said. That's what we are interested in here.

What we have here -- and this is, again, the danger in this situation -- is that we have declarations that were prepared by attorneys all throughout. That is essentially their case.

So with Dr. Kercheval, who they say is our star witness -- they say it is our star witness, but then they say Dr. Sharma is their star witness.

I guarantee you Dr. Kercheval did not put that Look. caption on that document. That was prepared by plaintiffs' counsel.

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And we see a doctor who was alert and oriented times four, I'm sure, when he signed this. He signed this document that was given to him by plaintiffs' counsel, and it actually had two mistakes. But you know what, we would not have known that the document had two mistakes. The only way we knew the document had two mistakes is because we took his deposition. In fact, this doctor, who graduated from medical school, actually signed a declaration saying he went to the wrong medical school, and absolutely signed the document saying that he was on staff for a hospital that he was never on staff for.

At his deposition on Page 53 he corrects those. Fortunately, we had the opportunity to depose him. We did not have that opportunity with Mr. Varney.

Here, also -- And the interesting thing -- I don't know why -- I see that they had to bill -- Mr. Parris had to bill them for the remainder \$25. But this declaration was signed on the same day as Mr. Varney signed his declaration. But for some reason on this one there is no acknowledgment. I don't know why they didn't notarize this one.

Another -- Look. So this is another attorney-prepared document. This is the declaration of Father Schimmel. Interesting thing here is that Father Schimmel never mentions the daughter by name. Right?

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The other thing is this document -- this document wasn't signed contemporaneous with the act that occurred in the hospital. Right? They didn't have Father Schimmel sign a declaration also. We know they had declarations. Right? They had Mr. Varney sign a declaration. Dr. Kercheval sign a declaration. This one was signed 14 months later, and Father Schimmel is supposed to recount the events of what happened, and he doesn't even remember the daughter by name.

The other attorney-prepared document is Mr. Varney's interrogatory responses from January 16 -- That year is That wasn't the year. Sorry. But this one contains a mistake, as well.

THE COURT: They were 2018.

MR. VEGA: 2018, that's right. This one, if you notice where Donald Varney signed -- now, this is three weeks before he signs the declaration -- it says that plaintiff, Maria Varney, being duly deposed. He signs the He doesn't cross out. He doesn't make the change. He doesn't correct the paper. And we see that they corrected stuff. Right? They had the wrong state, state of Washington. That's crossed out, Arizona. attempt to correct the error here in plaintiffs' document.

Another one. Again, this is Donald Varney's declaration of February 7, 2018. And look at what we see 03:01:26PM 1 03:01:30PM 2 03:01:36PM 3 03:01:39PM 4 03:01:42PM 5 03:01:51PM 6 03:01:56PM 7 03:02:00PM 8 03:02:03PM 9 03:02:07PM 10 03:02:11PM 11 03:02:14PM 12 03:02:16PM 13 03:02:22PM 14 03:02:25PM 15 03:02:30PM 16 03:02:35PM 17 03:02:37PM 18 03:02:42PM 19

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It says, "I make these statements regarding the here. cause and circumstances of my death." But he is still alive. Again, we don't have an opportunity to ask him questions about these documents.

Again, the attorney-prepared documents. Plaintiffs' responses to CBS on October 26th of 2018. He doesn't provide any information. He is specifically asked, "Tell us how this declaration was made." Quite frankly, the defendants have the same question your Honor had of this same document, how is it made? They claim attorney work product.

And we asked him who was present at the signing of the declaration. Who was missing? Mr. Varney's daughter is not listed there. That is precisely why we asked for the metadata, because we need information about how, and when, and who created this document.

Plaintiffs' counsel actually said, you know, he was Take the stand if you were present. Right? Ιt is not our burden. He is the proponent of the evidence. And never once attempted -- He wants us to cure his mistake. Give us the metadata. If he gave us the metadata, we would be crossing him on the stand. Without the metadata, we weren't going to cross him.

This is the spouse. On four separate occasions when

we take her deposition she has an opportunity to tell us

whether Dawn is present in the hospital. And she never 03:03:10PM 1 The first time on Page 60, "Other than Mr. Parris, 03:03:13PM 2 does. you, your husband, was anyone else present when your 03:03:18PM 3 03:03:21PM 4 husband signed this document?" Answer: "There was a 03:03:24PM 5 priest there." "Anyone else?" "Just Ben, the priest, the notary, myself, and my husband." 03:03:27PM 6 03:03:32PM 7 Skip a little further. Next time this comes up as to who is present: "You indicated that you were present when 03:03:35PM 8 your husband signed this document, correct?" Answer: 03:03:38PM 9 03:03:41PM 10 "Yes. When he signed this document there was a priest, 03:03:44PM 11 there was a notary. My husband was awake, he was awake." 03:03:47PM 12 No mention of Dawn. 03:03:49РМ 13 Again, Page 75. "No. Everyone was quiet. 03:03:56PM 14 03:03:59РМ 15 I was next to my husband. The lawyer was there. 03:04:02PM 16 just looking at him." No mention of Dawn.

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priest was to his side, the notary was in front, watching. We were

Page 95, the same deposition transcript which we have We were all there. given to your Honor: Answer: "No. The priest was there. The attorney was there. I was next to my husband. And the notary had the book." No mention of Dawn.

And we know when we spoke with Dawn she said she would ride in with Ms. Varney every morning after Ms. Varney would come home and take a shower. We also know from Ms. Varney's deposition that she said that

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day -- because she knew the declaration was going to be signed that day, and she didn't want to miss it, she never went home that day.

The deposition of Ms. Varney. "Was there any conversation that happened during this time when the priest and the notary were present in the hospital room with your husband -- when your husband signed this declaration?" "No. Everyone was quiet. The priest was to his side." She goes -- We have read this. And then she says, "But no one talked."

Again, this is the deposition of Mr. Parris that we heard yesterday. And he is asked, "Can you tell us whether or not it's your pattern and practice to have an individual read a document and comprehend the document before signing it and placing your notary seal on the document?" "That has never happened." Never happened.

This is the progress note of Dr. Kercheval. And a lot has been said about it. Again, this is at -- this is on February 7th, 11:30, a half hour before he signs it. He is now -- And Dr. Kercheval, who was his attending physician, and unlike --

Plaintiffs' counsel has told you several times already how much they love Sharma. Dr. Sharma was a

specialist there. He was not involved in Mr. Varney's The individual who saw him from the day-to-day care.

first day he entered until the very last day he was there. 03:06:11PM 1 03:06:15PM 2 Even more so than the nurses, because the nurses, they This doctor works 14 days in a row, says that he 03:06:18PM 3 rotate. 03:06:23PM 4 is now unable to provide any information and is nearly 03:06:27PM 5 And we went through the definition of obtunded: obtunded. Diminished arousal, awareness, neurological catastrophe. 03:06:33PM 6 03:06:39PM 7 When we are talking to Dr. Kercheval, "What was Mr. Varney's condition on the 7th?" "He had actually at 03:06:43PM 8 that point -- I make a note that he was essentially 03:06:46PM 9 In other words, he was not responding to verbal 03:06:48PM 10 obtunded. 03:06:51PM 11 stimuli." 03:06:55PM 12 Two days -- And so -- Again, we don't know, because there was an objection on attorney-client privilege, which 03:07:03PM 13 03:07:08PM 14 does not exist in this instance when they have actually 03:07:12PM 15 turned over the document. That privilege has been waived. 03:07:14PM 16 But two days before the declaration is signed we have 03:07:19PM 17 Dr. Kercheval, who, again, is seeing him every single day, 03:07:22PM 18 is saying that they have had discussions with the family 03:07:26PM 19 but the patient is unable to significantly contribute to 03:07:30PM 20 the discussion. When we asked him about -- we asked Dr. Kercheval 03:07:32PM 21 03:07:35PM 22 about that February 5th examination he tells us, "He just 03:07:40PM 23 wasn't cognitively able to contribute to that discussion?"

When we spoke with Ms. Varney, we learned that

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And he answers, "Yes."

four -- he was last out of the bed at least four days 03:07:55PM 1 before he passed, and he last spoke three to four days 03:07:58PM 2 03:08:02PM 3 She is asked, "How many days before he died did before. 03:08:06PM 4 he stop getting out of bed?" Answer: "Okay. He died on 03:08:10PM 5 the 7th. About four days before he wouldn't get out." Going to Page 85. Question: "Ms. Varney, do you 03:08:14PM 6 03:08:18PM 7 remember the last thing your husband said?" Answer: 03:08:21PM 8 "Well, when we talked, I was telling him that I loved him. The last thing he said to me was, 'Gloria, I love you.' 03:08:24PM 9 That was it. And then after that we didn't talk. He said 03:08:28PM 10 03:08:32РМ 11 that to me." Question: "Do you remember what day that he 03:08:35PM 12 said that he loved you?" Answer: "Before he died, about 03:08:38РМ 13 three days, I think. Three or four days before, yes." 03:08:43PM 14 And then we get Ms. Dawn Brown, the daughter, who 03:08:50PM 15 says that she recalls hearing her father say, "I'm 03:08:58PM 16 coherent. I know what I'm signing." 03:09:02PM 17 When you give that some thought, I mean, who says 03:09:08PM 18 that, really? You get pulled over -- someone gets pulled 03:09:13РМ 19 over for driving while intoxicated, driving while 03:09:18PM 20 impaired, who says, "I'm coherent"? Why is that the first 03:09:22PM 21 thing that comes out of his mouth? Out of nowhere he just pops up and he says, "I'm coherent." 03:09:26РМ 22 03:09:28РМ 23 And then the most curious thing is, why do we wait until yesterday to learn that that's what he said? 03:09:34PM 24

They asserted attorney-client privilege. This is

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someone they had access to. We filed motions in the case. 03:09:44PM 1 Why do we go to talk to Mr. Parris? Why do we go over 03:09:50PM 2 talking to all of the doctors? Why didn't we just depose 03:09:54PM 3 03:09:57PM 4 Dawn Brown? Why didn't they just produce Dawn Brown? 03:10:02PM 5 They wait until yesterday, and we all learn it at the same time, this incredible statement, "I am coherent" and "I 03:10:05PM 6 know what I'm saying." 03:10:09PM 7 03:10:10PM 8 The priest tells us that when -- At that point he opened his eyes. Right? So everyone is like, "He opened 03:10:13PM 9 03:10:17PM 10 his eyes." What does that mean? His eyes were closed, 03:10:20PM 11

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yet somehow he knows what he is signing. How? He hasn't spoken for days.

We know that he is heavily medicated, and he is not -- he is on palliative care. We know that his situation is dire. We know that he is on some serious We know that he is a 78-year-old man. medication. know that -- from the daughter that he wears glasses. He has been laying in bed, essentially nonresponsive, for three to four days. So much medication.

Even aside from --The side effects from the medication, you are sleeping three to four days. All of a sudden you can pop up? He has bed sores for a reason. The medical records show the nurses have to move him every two hours. And somehow he is able to say he knows what he is signing, "I am coherent"?

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Dr. Kercheval also tells us that patients such as Mr. Varney -- he actually said Mr. Varney when we deposed him -- but this is his declaration -- that their mental faculties often diminish due to the disease process and the medications. Unfortunately, Mr. Varney is suffering with both of those conditions right now -- back then.

So the evidence has shown that he is unable to testify. He could not speak, had not spoken for days. He's unable to provide (sic) any medication.

Ms. Varney was shocked that he could sit and look at the declaration.

Even Mr. Parris, who walked into the room -- We learned that also yesterday for the first time from Ms. Brown, who has -- "Well, is he going to be able to sign?" Someone who doesn't even know Mr. Varney recognizes the condition he is in.

I don't think it is any secret that that's why we don't have a photo to know what he looked like then.

Everyone had, I'm sure, their cellphones. No one pulled anything out. They had a video scheduled for that day.

Specifically in the Court's order you actually tell all of us -- the Court tells all of us, "There is no evidence as to the source of the information in the affidavit or who prepared it." The Court puts us on notice.

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And so for the last several weeks everyone has been running around doing depositions, trying to get information. We are not getting it. We get piecemeal information. We issue subpoenas for metadata, so that this way we can get to the bottom of it, because it is clear that information is not forthcoming.

Yet, the two things that the Court referenced in its order are not provided. Plaintiff provided no evidence as to the source of the information. Plaintiff provided no evidence as to who prepared the declaration. But we kind of know who prepared the declaration, because before we started today they cite RCW 5.60.060. What's the point of that? Right? We know who prepared it. Why else would they have that objection?

When I was asking Ms. Brown yesterday some questions they objected because it might cause the witness to inform the Court about conversations that they had with her. We know who is giving the information. It is not Mr. Varney.

I won't belabor this, but this is -- Where did the information come from? That was in the Court's order, where did the information come from? It is obvious where the information came from, because we know three weeks before Varney signs that declaration -- we have a document -- we have the plaintiffs' interrogatories listing out places where he worked.

It's clear in the interrogatories, which are verified 03:14:38PM 1 03:14:42PM 2 03:14:46PM 3 03:14:50PM 4 information suggesting." 03:14:52PM 5 03:14:57PM 6 03:15:00PM 7 the statement was made. 03:15:04PM 8 03:15:06PM 9 Because what we have here is -- If you keep telling 03:15:08PM 10 03:15:12PM 11 03:15:15PM 12 03:15:19РМ 13 03:15:21PM 14 03:15:24PM 15 knowledge. 03:15:25PM 16 03:15:29PM 17 03:15:33РМ 18

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by the plaintiff himself, even though he signed under Maria's spot, he says, "I believe my attorneys have

Yet, three weeks later -- And, again, this is why it's important to know when the statement was made. Ιt does not matter when the document was signed. It is when

a witness about, "This is the information I have, this is the information I have, this is the information I have," eventually it goes from three weeks ago "I believe my attorneys have information," to now it is, "No, I have personal knowledge." All of a sudden he has personal

His condition is significantly deteriorating, as documented in the medical records. Yet, somehow what he could not recall three weeks ago he now has personal knowledge of.

And I won't go through -- This has already been done, so I won't go through this. This is, again, the similarities between the information that's in the interrogatories three weeks earlier, and then all of a sudden the information that he magically has personal knowledge about, even though he is moments away --

We know

03:15:59PM 1 It's clear that this is not a statement by Mr. Varney, that declaration. That was absolutely a 03:16:12PM 2 premeditated act by counsel. It was absolutely prepared 03:16:16PM 3 03:16:21PM 4 for litigation. And it was signed by Mr. Varney at a time 03:16:27PM 5 when he could not speak, he had been nonresponsive for three to four days, and hadn't been out of his bed for 03:16:32PM 6 03:16:35PM 7 about three to four days. And, again, going back to when were these statements 03:16:37PM 8 made. At the time that these statements were made --03:16:46PM 9 I think that the evidence is clear that the statements 03:16:50PM 10 were never made by Mr. Varney, the statements were made by 03:16:53PM 11 03:16:56PM 12 his attorney. But at the time that these statements were made back in December, there was no imminent death back 03:16:58PM 13 03:17:03PM 14 then. 03:17:04PM 15 And how do we know that? We know that from the email 03:17:07PM 16 We know that from the testimony of Ms. Dawn chains. 03:17:11PM 17 Brown, that he wanted to do this for his wife. that at the time that the statements were being uttered he 03:17:14PM 18 03:17:18PM 19 was planning to make these statements at some future time. 03:17:22PM 20 And then it progressed over time. This is how over the 03:17:27PM 21 course of three weeks he eventually has personal knowledge 03:17:30PM 22 of the things he never knew before. 03:17:32PM 23

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Even when you look at the declaration itself there is no specificity. It is just opinion and conclusions. There is no -- He will mention a product, but he doesn't -Barry L. Fanning, RMR, CRR - Official Court Reporter-(253) 882-3833 Barry_Fanning@WAWD.uscourts.gov

tell us what he did with that product. He doesn't tell 03:17:48PM 1 03:17:51PM 2 us -- He worked at a shipyard. He doesn't tell us on what -- We are entitled to know this. 03:17:55PM 3 "Well, what ship 03:17:59PM 4 did you see Foster Wheeler boilers on? Did you personally 03:18:02PM 5 do that work or did somebody else do that work? What kind of work was being done? Was it firesides? Was it 03:18:05PM 6 03:18:08PM 7 watersides? Were you working on the burners? What were you doing?" 03:18:12PM 8 03:18:13PM 9 An interesting thing -- These records aren't before the Court, unfortunately. But Ms. Brown mentioned 03:18:16РМ 10

An interesting thing -- These records aren't before the Court, unfortunately. But Ms. Brown mentioned yesterday something about periscopes, that she thought he worked on periscopes. In fact, when we see his military records, he is actually working on optical gauges. He is in the shipyard working on the optical gauges, not on the actual equipment. Again, we didn't have the opportunity to cross him. Nor will we ever have an opportunity to cross-examine these plaintiffs if we allow this to happen in this court, because it will spread throughout the country.

Your Honor, this evidence has shown the statements on there were not spontaneous. Counsel referenced, "Oh, this is not an excited utterance." It is the same concept, the same principal. That is why it is listed as one of the twelve factors in the residual exception, because that is a way that you gauge the truthfulness of a statement.

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And, of course, counsel took a little bit -addressed this. But that is exactly what this was. Ιt was absolutely orchestrated. That is exactly why they had the priest there, and they had the notary there.

Here we have the information -- I won't go through This has already been done. this.

And this here, your Honor --If you will indulge me for a moment on this, this is kind of why we were -- we were so much after the metadata. And this is a really important issue here. So with a dying declaration there is an immediacy about it. Here, the very fact that plaintiffs' counsel raised attorney work product, Judge, Sorry, your Honor. This is an awesome admission. How can it be the dying declaration of Mr. Varney if it's attorney work product? They just admitted the entire thing, your Honor. This was attorney work product.

If it's attorney work product, which they have alleged in this court several times, and the documents when they refused to turn over the metadata, which we absolutely believe we are entitled to, then it is -- this is their document. This is no more than just answers to interrogatories. This is not a dying declaration.

At every step Mr. Varney's declaration lacks the

spontaneity that is the hallmark of the dying declaration.

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This document has no guarantee of trustworthiness, as we have seen.

And Mr. Varney's declaration, we are asking this

Court to hold it inadmissible for all purposes, other than

for defendants to prove up shares if they make it past

summary judgment. And it cannot be relied upon by

Dr. Maddox. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, counsel. Any other --

MR. CRAIG: Your Honor, very briefly. May I proceed? Kevin Craig, your Honor. Just very briefly.

Plaintiffs brought up the Pisano case out of Rhode
Island. The Rhode Island rule is substantially different
than the federal rule. In Rhode Island the courts have
ruled in terminal illness cases it is not necessary to
apprehend immediate death. So I think that case would not
apply here, because the federal rule does require that.

Regarding Dr. Kercheval's note and testimony that on February 5th Mr. Varney did not have the cognitive ability to contribute to discussions regarding his care at the hospital, plaintiffs have brought up the fact that on the morning that he signed the declaration he is able to respond to simple commands, you know. I want to point out to the Court, there is a big gulf between being able to follow simple commands like blinking your eyes or opening your eyes and having the cognitive ability to contribute

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to your healthcare decisions or be able to give testimony under oath in a court of law.

I think the plaintiffs -- On the issue of him knowing that death was imminent, there is a bit of a Catch-22 for plaintiffs here, because we have the testimony that he was in bad shape before, but then suddenly when his declaration is going to be signed, he rallies, sits up, and signs the declaration.

I think at that point you have a hard time saying at that particular moment he knew that his death wasn't going to be delayed. Apparently he was stronger then. He was able to respond better.

I mean, the rule is designed to be you are at death's door. Here we have evidence that he is suddenly better, if only temporarily. I don't think you can construe that to mean that he knew that he was dying at that moment.

Very lastly, since this is regarding the admissibility of the evidence, we do assert an objection under Rule 403, the admission of the declaration and the portions of the declaration in the doctor's report as highly prejudicial.

You asked why this matters to you. Well, if you have a system where the plaintiffs only need to come up with a declaration that the defendants were not privy to before, have no opportunity to cross-examine, the jury and the

court lose the ability to view the witness provide the 03:24:38PM 1 03:24:43PM 2 testimony, and there is no opportunity to evaluate credibility or the competency of the witness. So we would 03:24:46PM 3 03:24:48PM 4 ask that it be excluded under Rule 403, in addition to the 03:24:52PM 5 reasons already cited. Thank you, your Honor. THE COURT: Anyone else from the defense? 03:24:55PM 6 All 03:24:58PM 7 right. 03:25:01PM 8 MR. ADAMS: Quickly, your Honor. Your Honor, we just heard a little over an hour and a half of argument 03:25:06PM 9 from some very skilled trial lawyers. They are very 03:25:11PM 10 03:25:16PM 11 skilled trial lawyers. They are first chair trial 03:25:18PM 12 lawyers, and I have seen them in trial before. 03:25:20РМ 13 Almost all of the arguments went to the weight of the 03:25:24PM 14 evidence if it is -- once admitted. They have very strong 03:25:31PM 15 arguments to make to a jury about the credibility, the 03:25:35PM 16 conspiracy, the staging of the event. All of these 03:25:42PM 17 arguments are strong arguments to be made to a jury. 03:25:48PM 18 But we are here about ER 804(b)(2). That is what 03:25:54PM 19 this hearing is about. And there was very little mention 03:25:57РМ 20 of that statute. 03:26:00PM 21 What they did mention is all of these other elements

that aren't in ER 804(b)(2). And so what they invited the Court to do was create new law.

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They said there cannot be a motive when the person signs the dying declaration. When a person is shot and

Case 3:18-cv-05105-RJB Document 396 Filed 05/07/19 Page 75 of 85 murdered, and with their last breath they say, "John Smith 03:26:22PM 1 03:26:26PM 2 killed me," does that person not have a motive that John Smith will be convicted of their murder? 03:26:30PM 3 There is always 03:26:33PM 4 a motive. 03:26:34PM 5 So that was just an element, not in ER 804(b)(2), that the lawyers asked and invited the Court to create. 03:26:42PM 6 03:26:45PM 7 It is just not there. There was the argument about Don Varney didn't say it 03:26:46PM 8 for the first time upon his death. He said it in the 03:26:53PM 9 medical records. He said it to his kids. He said it all 03:26:58PM 10 That is not an element of ER 03:27:01PM 11 these other times. 03:27:05PM 12 804(b)(2). It is just not there. 03:27:07PM 13 live to the evidentiary hearing. That is not an element 03:27:10PM 14 03:27:13PM 15 in the dying declaration statute. 03:27:14PM 16 There was the argument that it wasn't videotaped.

There was the argument that the witnesses didn't come

That is not an element in the dying declaration statute.

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There was the argument that Dawn Brown's credibility about what she saw and what Mr. Varney said at the time was in question. Well, she is the fifth witness that was There is nothing in the dying declaration statute that says you have to have five witnesses for a dying declaration. So even if the Court believed and discredited Ms. Brown entirely, which I don't think the Court should do, that has nothing to do with ER 804(b)(2). 03:27:51PM 1 03:27:57PM 2 03:28:06PM 3 03:28:07PM 4 03:28:10PM 5 03:28:13PM 6 03:28:17PM 7 03:28:20PM 8 03:28:23PM 9 03:28:25РМ 10 03:28:26PM 11 03:28:33PM 12 03:28:38РМ 13 03:28:41PM 14 03:28:45PM 15 03:28:49PM 16 03:28:53PM 17 03:28:56PM 18 03:29:00PM 19

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There was the argument that it cannot have anything to do with attorney work product. I showed your Honor the Supreme Court case from Washington state where the prosecutor prepared the declaration, the witness signed it, and they convicted someone of first-degree murder under the highest burden in law, with the highest burden of proof, with the most serious consequences. It was admitted. And a prosecutor prepared it. So that element about attorneys cannot have anything to do with it, it is just not there.

There was all of this testimony about four days before Mr. Varney died he never said a word, and he never said a word in the room, and he couldn't speak, and there was all that argument about that. That came from Gloria's deposition testimony. Mrs. Varney's deposition testimony was the basis for that entire argument that Mr. Varney could not speak, and so Mrs. Brown -- Ms. Brown's testimony should be disbelieved, the priest's declaration should be disbelieved.

Here is what Mrs. Varney actually said: "It was in the hospital. He was laying back in his bed, and he asked for them to raise the bed so that he was sitting up straight." And so even in Gloria Varney's testimony about what happened, which is what the defense relied upon, she said Mr. Varney spoke and asked that the bed be lifted up

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when the declaration was presented to him.

Mrs. Varney's second language is English. The entire deposition was translated. But she said right here he spoke when they came in the room.

And then later she said, "The last word he said to me was 'I love you'." Not the last word he spoke. You keep hearing argument that the last word he spoke was that he loved his wife, and that was before he signed the declaration. That is the last word he spoke to her.

There was this argument about the metadata, which the Court already ruled on, which they didn't seek until two days before they demanded that it be produced.

There was this repeated suggestion that our assertion of the attorney-client privilege was improper. Your Honor, I would submit to you that is just an improper argument for the Court to consider. It is not our decision as lawyers to waive the attorney-client privilege. The law says we may not make that decision. We do not hold the privilege. It's not ours. It's the client's privilege. And so to somehow be dinged or diminished because we didn't waive the attorney-client privilege is just an improper argument.

But the metadata issue, if your Honor looks at the emails, Exhibit 20, which is in evidence, it's going to tell you what the metadata would have shown. Because all

of those emails are me desperately trying to get this 03:31:22PM 1 deposition going, and the defense resisting the 03:31:27PM 2 03:31:33PM 3 deposition, demanding 18 hours for cross-examination, even 03:31:36PM 4 though the federal rules limit it to seven, delaying the 03:31:40PM 5 deposition, saying they won't start questioning at the deposition until the week after I ask my questions. 03:31:43PM 6 03:31:46PM 7 so desperate I tell them, "I will limit my questioning to one hour," because this witness is so sick, and we are 03:31:49PM 8 trying to preserve his testimony, and we've got the 03:31:52PM 9 03:31:55РМ 10 videographer, and we are setting up a live feed from the 03:31:59РМ 11 hospital to get his deposition done. 03:32:02PM 12 If their theory of the case were true, that entire 03:32:06РМ 13 time I am preparing a declaration to secretly have him 03:32:11PM 14 sign, to cancel the deposition, and it is already ahead of 03:32:17РМ 15 time. 03:32:17PM 16 What they have asked you to do, your Honor, is to 03:32:21PM 17 believe the biggest conspiracy imaginable, to enter a 03:32:25PM 18 fantasy land where every witness is on the take from me, I 03:32:30PM 19 am secretly preparing a declaration long before, I am calling videographers, I am setting up a live video feed, 03:32:35PM 20 03:32:40PM 21 and I have bought off every witness. And the whole time I 03:32:43PM 22 am secretly Machiavellianly planning to cancel the whole 03:32:49РМ 23 thing and have him sign the declaration. 03:32:52PM 24 And I secretly bring all these witnesses, not because

they are disinterested witnesses who can observe what

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happened and then come testify and say, "This is what 03:32:58PM 1 happened," but because they are all on the take with 03:33:02PM 2 03:33:05PM 3 hundred dollar bills.

And every one of them lied under oath, the priest, the notary, the family, the nurses, Sharma -- Dr. Sharma. The Court should decline their invitation to enter fantasy conspiracy land.

Quickly, your Honor, the consistency as a weakness argument was again raised. It was the vast majority of Ms. Weglarz's closing argument. "Mr. Varney said this so many times before the declaration, and so it wasn't a statement when he made it the last time with belief of imminent death." I think that was the argument.

And then the order the Court sent out advising the parties what the Court wanted to know was presented. Court wanted to know who -- where did this information in the declaration come from. The charge against plaintiffs was I hadn't taken the stand and provided that direct testimony.

First of all, I cannot waive the attorney-client privilege. And the idea that presenting a declaration to the other side waives the attorney-client privilege, then every lawyer in this room waives the attorney-client privilege every time they file a summary judgment motion

and attach a declaration from their corporate

representative, or a witness, which they do -- which every 03:35:02PM 1 03:35:06PM 2 lawyer in here does pretty much in every case. That is not the law, and there was no citation to the law. 03:35:09PM 3 There is circumstantial evidence of where the 03:35:11PM 4 03:35:25PM 5 information in the declaration came from. Even though there is not the direct evidence from me, there is very 03:35:27PM 6 03:35:30PM 7 strong circumstantial evidence. And that circumstantial evidence is the fact that 03:35:32PM 8 Mr. Varney said, "I was exposed to asbestos in the 03:35:36PM 9 shipyards." He said it in his medical records. He said 03:35:40PM 10 03:35:43PM 11 it to his family. He said it to his daughters. He said 03:35:47PM 12 it to his wife. He said it to his doctors. He said it in 03:35:50РМ 13 the declaration. 03:35:53РМ 14 And so the most reasonable inference to make from all 03:35:56РМ 15 of those other statements that we know Mr. Varney made is 03:36:03PM 16 that he made the same statements in the declaration. 03:36:06РМ 17 I don't know if I made that point clearly. But the 03:36:09РМ 18 circumstantial inferences are since he said it everywhere 03:36:12PM 19 else, he probably said it in the declaration with his 03:36:15PM 20 signature on it, his name on it, that he said -- that 03:36:21PM 21 eight witnesses have said he made. 03:36:34РМ 22 There was the last thing -- And I will end with 03:36:39РМ 23 this, your Honor, because I know it has been long. was the argument that the sky will fall if the Court finds 03:36:42PM 24

that this meets the dying declaration elements.

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First of all, the law is the law. The law is about as settled in this area as the law can ever be. For 110 years the Washington State Supreme Court has said this is the law and these are the elements.

And the invitation to change the law, and add more elements, and to weigh the policies, and to do all of these external things out of the statute -- If that were the case, the legislature would have changed it.

But here is why -- Even if the Court is going to consider these arguments that asbestos litigation will be declarations from here on out, first of all, the Pisano case was not my firm. That was plucked out of thin air. That was not my firm. My firm -- I don't even think my firm existed when the Pisano case came out. Maybe it did. Mine is a relatively new firm. It was not my case. We had nothing to do with it. This isn't a pattern and practice. That was just made up.

But take a look at the emails, Exhibit 20, your Honor. I know it wasn't the focus of the hearing. What happens in these cases is that the plaintiffs' lawyers are desperate to complete the deposition. Desperate. And they really have -- they are forced to give up basically everything to get the deposition done before their client dies.

Not every lawyer, but there is an incentive from the

-Barry L. Fanning, RMR, CRR - Official Court Reporter

I will say it this way: 03:38:26PM 1 defense bar --If the client 03:38:32PM 2 dies and is never heard from, one party's case gets better, and not the other. If the deposition is 03:38:38PM 3 03:38:40PM 4 completed, the client is heard from, another party's case And so there are certain incentives that are 03:38:44PM 5 gets better. just a fact and reality of life on each side of the 03:38:49PM 6 03:38:52PM 7 litigation. The incentive for the plaintiffs is to desperately 03:38:53PM 8 get the dying person's deposition done as soon as 03:38:56PM 9 03:38:59РМ 10

get the dying person's deposition done as soon as possible. If you read those emails, your Honor, that is what I am trying to do. I gave up the farm. I said, "One hour. Please. I will give you 18 hours, whatever you want. Here is all the documents that we have. Here is everything we have. Can we please get this person's deposition done before he dies?" And they said, "No. No. No. Eighteen hours. Maybe next week." They put it off from the 7th to the 8th.

If we are going to consider the policy, this gives them an incentive to get the deposition done, too. I don't even think the Court should consider it, but it gives them a small incentive to get the deposition done quickly.

There was this idea that we delayed, that the initial disclosures didn't disclose Mr. Varney's declaration until June of 2018. I don't think the initial disclosures were

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in evidence. I haven't even looked at them. I'm sure his
name is in there.

But there was the argument that the witnesses'

But there was the argument that the witnesses'
memories have faded and we somehow deprived the defense -this is my last point -- we somehow deprived the defense
of the opportunity to question these witnesses before
their memories dissipated. And there is some superficial
appeal to that argument. Obviously, the law understands
as time passes witnesses' memories dissipate.

The problem is, after we served the declaration and we disclosed the declaration in discovery, the defense didn't depose a single witness for six months. And it was Dr. Kercheval. It wasn't even one of the witnesses in the room. They didn't even depose Mrs. Varney until February of 2019, over a year after -- over eight months after we gave them the declaration.

So this notion that we have somehow robbed them of the opportunity is not supported. They never deposed the priest. They never deposed the notary. We did. And so this notion that we have stolen from them the opportunity to get the truth from these witnesses is just not reality.

Your Honor, all of the witnesses and all of the medical records support our version of the case. I urge the Court not to enter the fantasy land where this was one of the biggest and most unimaginable conspiracies ever,

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           where I paid everyone to tell a lie.
                                                     Thank you so much.
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                     MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, if I could?
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           we didn't make --
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                     THE COURT:
                                  I'm sorry.
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                     MS. JOHNSON: Obviously we didn't make any
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           objections during closing argument, because there is no
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           need to make evidentiary objections during a closing
           argument to your Honor. Just for the purposes of the
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           record, the last two cases that counsel cited to here
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           today were not included in their briefing before this
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                    All the parties have submitted substantial
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           Court.
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           briefing with respect to this -- the issues before the
           Court today, and those two cases that were cited by
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           counsel -- The Pisano case was included.
                                                           The other two
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           cases were not included.
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                     THE COURT: I understand. Well, it is 20 to
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           4:00.
                   It is my habit, a long-standing habit, to make oral
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           findings and conclusions under Rule 52.
                                                        I will be ready
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           to do that like at 10:30 in the morning.
                                                         If you want to
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           hear the result, you can show up. If you don't want to
           hear the result, it will be on the record.
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1	CERTIFICATE
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4	I, Barry Fanning, Official Court Reporter for the
5	United States District Court, Western District of
6	Washington, certify that the foregoing is a true and
7	correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the
8	above-entitled matter.
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12	/s/ Barry Fanning
13	Barry Fanning, Court Reporter
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